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HONG KONG, SUNDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1937. 日拜禮 日柒拾月拾年柒世佰玖仟壹英

Price, 10 Cts.

CHINESE FIGHTING AGAINST ODDS

Editorial and Business Office: 15-19, Queen's Road
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HONG KONG, OCTOBER 17, 1937.

The Daily Press

友之國中

UNPREMEDITATED

It is not to be presumed that Japan has taken her present infinitely idiotic policy without great time and talent having been lavished upon the general speech. To us it appears that one of the regrets which we must all entertain concerning the present crisis is that ability which might have been concentrated on constructive matters have been devoted, rather dedicated, to the business of mutilation.

That Japan had contemplated the acquisition of China is made perfectly clear by the now notorious Tanaka Memorial to which we made reference in our leader yesterday. In that memorial Tanaka clearly indicated what should be done—and that memorial was presented to the deified Emperor of Japan in 1927.

We consider the plan of operation precedes even the Tanaka Memorial, which means that for a considerable time Japan has been contemplating an act of aggression against the Pacific generally and China in particular.

Recently we heard the comment, "The Sino-Japanese War is Dragging On. We are sick of it!" So are we. So is everyone who has in them at least the remnants of decent feelings and understanding. We feel that we are right in saying what we believe is the interpretation of liberal-minded sentiment, namely, that no man or woman to-day would resort to force if there was the slightest hope of affecting an amicable sentiment which would give to both parties to the conflict that which the world is craving for—peace.

As far as China is concerned the world will realise that whatever peace may come must be peace of her own making. By that we mean it must be peace with honour. How else could China retain her position as a nation in the world which stands for Truth, Virtue, Honesty. Those three alone lead China's life to sovereign power and China's sovereign power has never been; and we hope, never shall be, dedicated to domination over any other power in the universe.

We have received communications from various sources of the English speaking world. They all indicate one thing, namely, that the world is morally against Japan. We would quote a comment from one particular letter which is symptomatic of the feelings of the masses. It was to this effect: "There is only one way of defeating the purpose of the Japanese and that is by carrying out a thorough boycott. In our shops Japanese goods are not displayed or sold." That extract from that letter is typical of many which we have received. It is heartening in view of the fact that it gives a very definite idea of the feelings that are now animating the people of the world.

Japan is in the wrong. No matter what government may decide to do, it is what the masses decide to do that counts. From the organiser of one of the greatest trade unions functioning in the world we have information to the effect that its members have agreed to make a moral vow that they will not, under any condition, either handle or serve Japanese goods. We quote one instance of which we have personal knowledge and that concerns one of the greatest Trade Unions in the world. The members of that Union have decided to institute a complete boycott of all things Japanese. It was only yesterday that we walked into a shop in Hong Kong and asked for a fountain pen. The salesman remarked "No pens only Japanese." That to us is indicative of a spirit which should animate every member of every liberal community.

We cannot stress too much the pregnant pronouncement by the Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek when he gave his pronouncement of the policy of China after the Lukuchiao incident occurred. Chiang Kai-shek neatly epitomised the position and China's policy when he said there were four points.

Firstly, any settlement must not infringe on territorial integrity or sovereign rights; the status of the Hopci-Charhar Council has been fixed by the Central Government and consequently China will not allow any illegal alteration; China will not agree to the removal by outside pressure of local officials appointed by the Central Government; and fourthly, China will not permit of the restriction which the Japanese desire to be placed on the positions held at the present time by the Twenty-ninth Army which is virtually the representative of China in that area.

HSINHSIEN STILL HELD BY CHINESE TROOPS

REPORTED CAPTURE NOW DENIED

FIGHTING IN SUIYUAN DEVELOPS

Pressing southward towards the Honan border, the Japanese troops claim to have reached Shun-tchufu-Pingnan Railway on Friday afternoon with very little opposition from the Chinese troops, the majority of whom had been withdrawn further south.

The capture of Kwelhua by the Japanese is reported, and fighting at Suiyuan continues to develop unfavourably for the Chinese. The Japanese are advancing to the west of Kwelhua, and report the occupation of the township of Taikoma. Despite Chinese claims of a victory in the Yunping area in north Shansi, Japanese reports assert that the town has been in Japanese hands for two weeks. They also state that nine Chinese planes appeared over Yunping yesterday afternoon of which two were shot down by anti-aircraft guns. However, it is now admitted that Hsinhsien, which was reported to have been captured by the Japanese, is still held by Chinese troops.—Reuter.

Peiping, Oct. 17.

A GALLANT GENERAL

Machine-Gun Fire Defied

Taiyuan, Oct. 16.

Heroism in the defence of Yunping, Northern Shansi, resulted in heavy casualties to the Chinese troops including the death of Major-General Kiang Yu-ching in command of the 196th Brigade, and the serious injury to Colonels Chang Chin-lung and Chu Shu-feng, regimental commanders, it was announced here to-day.

General Kiang gave orders to his men to stick to their position in spite of the Japanese barrage of fire, which claimed a heavy toll of Chinese dead and wounded. After the artillery fire had ceased, General Kiang led a bayonet charge before the enemy came out of their trenches.

The Japanese then resumed the shelling of the Chinese position while their bombers joined in the attack. General Kiang's body was riddled with machine-gun bullets and shrapnel.—International News Agency.

TRADE UNION PEACE TALKS

Washington, Oct. 17.

After several days' discussion, representatives of the Committee of Industrial Organisation and the American Federation of Labour agreed to hold a joint meeting on October 25, as a preliminary peace conference in an attempt to re-unite the divided trade-union movement.—Reuter.

Those terms are clear. They have been stated in all seriousness and in all sincerity by the man who not only represents the armies of China, not only the Executive Yuan—but, what is most important of all, the sentiment of the people of China.

We headed our article "Unpremeditated." Japan has been prepared for war of aggression for years. She has insulted in a manner that proves her unadulterated contempt for the decencies of international contact over a period of years. She has betrayed the basic honour of herself by her acts of aggression against a nation which never provoked her.

Is it to be presumed that the nation at which she hurled her insults and levelled her attacks is "unprepared" also?

We are not in a position to quote names from the sources of our information, but we can honestly say that China is as much prepared for the defence as Japan is for the attack. There is this feature which shall give courage to us, whilst Japan is prepared in the matter of facts and figures, China is prepared in spirit.

Good words, great words, symbolising as they do the sentiment of the greatest nation that the world has ever known, for China's numerical strength is almost astronomical—we think of it in terms of millions, in fact where China is concerned the numbers reach hundreds of millions.

Such power cannot be suppressed.

STOP PRESS

Peiping, Oct. 17.

A Japanese report from Shih-chiachwang states that a three-hour artillery bombardment which blasted the Chinese rear-guard out of their trenches preceded the fall of Shuntchufu after which the Japanese resumed their advance south.

According to foreign reports from the Pingnan railway zone Chinese officers attribute their defeats entirely to the lack of artillery support. Japanese troops which captured the Pingyuan-Tsinpu railway zone are reported to be approaching Yucheng, nineteen miles north of the Yellow River. Taiyuan is threatened by a further advance of Japanese forces approaching from the east, along the railway from Shihchiachwang. North of Taiyuanfu it is stated that the Japanese are about to attack Hsinhsien where a large Chinese force is concentrated.—Reuter.

POISON GAS

Chinese Denial Of Its Use

Shanghai, Oct. 16.

A Chinese spokesman denied the Japanese accusation that the Chinese Army is using poison gas shells. He declared that the Chinese Army do not possess such weapons and that the allegation is a Japanese retort to the Chinese substantiated declaration, that the Japanese used poison gas on the Shanghai front.—Reuter's Bulletin.

NO MARTIAL LAW

UNLESS SITUATION WORSENS IN PALESTINE

Jerusalem, Oct. 17.

It is understood that unless the situation in Palestine worsens considerably martial law is not likely to be proclaimed. It is believed this decision was reached following a number of meetings between the acting High Commissioner of the Police and army chiefs.

Rome: Signor Mussolini has received a telegram from the chiefs of most Arab tribes in Libya assuring him of their solidarity with the Palestine Arabs in consequence of the events of the last few days.

It will be recalled that during Mussolini's visit to Libya in April he claimed to be the protector of Islam.

GRAND MUFTI FLEES

Jerusalem, Oct. 16.

The British Government has taken over the Moslem Trusts hitherto controlled by the Grand Mufti who has voluntarily abandoned his self-imposed imprisonment in Mosque Omar and is reported to have fled to Syria.—Reuter's Bulletin Service.

"BUNNY" AUSTIN WINS TITLE

London, Oct. 17.

In the final of the Queen's Club National Covered Courts tennis championships here yesterday, H. W. ("Bunny") Austin, Great Britain, beat Schroeder, Sweden, the holder, by 6-2, 3-6, 7-5 and 6-2.

In the final of the women's section Miss Peggy Scriven, Britain, beat Mrs. M. R. King, Britain, 6-1, 6-2.—Reuter.

DR. STANLEY JONES

To-morrow 18 at 5.30 p.m. in the Fung Ping Shan Chinese Library, the University (entrance on Bonham Road), the Rev. Dr. E. Stanley Jones will speak to the League of Nations Society on "What can we do in the present world crisis?"

Sir William Hornell, Vice-Chancellor of the University, will take the chair.

Dr. Stanley Jones is well-known as a man with a message, and it is hoped that all who are interested will take advantage of this opportunity of hearing him speak.

TYPHOON

The American Consulate General, Hong Kong, received the following typhoon warning from the Manila Observatory Saturday:—

Manila 8.10 a.m.—Typhoon in about longitude 124 E. and latitude 20 N., moving north.

AMERICA TO TAKE FIRM STAND

NINE POWER CONFERENCE

Washington, Oct. 17.

Two circumstances cause well-informed circles to believe that the United States will take a strong stand at the Nine Power Conference.

Firstly, her prompt acceptance of the invitation without it being specified whether the Conference will be restricted to signatories or will include Powers like Soviet Russia and Germany, and secondly, the strong personnel of the American delegation.

It is understood that the Government is not particular what Powers are invited but that it is prepared to co-operate with anybody willing to share in the efforts to bring about a mediation in the conflict.

The terms of the invitation were to "examine the situation in the Far East and study peaceable means of hastening the end of the regrettable conflict." Mr. Cordell Hull stated that he understood that invitations, to the first meeting at any rate, were confined to signatories to the Treaty.

TENSION EASED

London: Some relief in the previous tension is observed by Reuter correspondents in most capitals concerned over the non-intervention development, and although no unduly high hopes are raised in London, there is a general atmosphere of hope, writes Reuter's diplomatic correspondent. Signor Grandi's acceptance of the principle of the withdrawal a number of volunteers is viewed with pleasure.

The fact that Italy proposed an equal withdrawal, whereas the French requested a proportional withdrawal, may be able to be treated as a matter of negotiations and successfully worked out subsequently. The importance of this lies in the French conviction that the Italian volunteers enormously outweigh the number of volunteers on the other side.

HOPES FOR SUCCESS

Paris: Official circles here withhold comment but are pleased by Signor Grandi's Moderate tone. Although all speakers in the Sub-

GERMANY PLEASED

Berlin. The Press here mostly applauds Baron von Ribbentrop's statement at the Non-Intervention meeting that Germany will resume freedom of action if others did the same. Political circles do not regard the withdrawal of volunteers as a simple problem, opining that its discussion will take much time.

ITALIAN VIEWPOINT

Rome. Political circles are well satisfied with the course of events, agreeing that fair progress has been made notwithstanding Mr. Eden's speech last night which is held here to have prejudiced the Non-Intervention meeting and evoked criticism from Signor Grandi and Baron von Ribbentrop to-day. Stress is laid on Italy's two conditions for the withdrawal of volunteers, namely the rigorous control and recognition of belligerent rights but up to now it has not been made clear whether Italy will agree to withdrawal before recognition as she had formerly refused.—Reuter.

U.S. ACCEPTS

Washington, Oct. 16.

The United States has formally accepted the invitation to attend the Nine-Power Conference on the Sino-Japanese conflict, to be held in Brussels on October 30.

Mr. Norman Davis, American "Ambassador-at-Large," will head the United States delegation.—Reuter.

Appreciation From Germany

We publish below a letter received from Germany by the last mail—

To The Editor, "The Hong Kong Weekly Press."

Dear Sir:—Your "Weekly," gives me a terrible kick every time I receive it. I cannot resist to thank you very much for your so just fight against the Japanese robberies and vile methods they are using against China in order to steal land and rights that do not belong to them and to which they have no right whatsoever. Please keep up the good work and put your shoulder to the wheel. Millions here are with you.—Yours, etc.

GEORG. WESTENDORF.

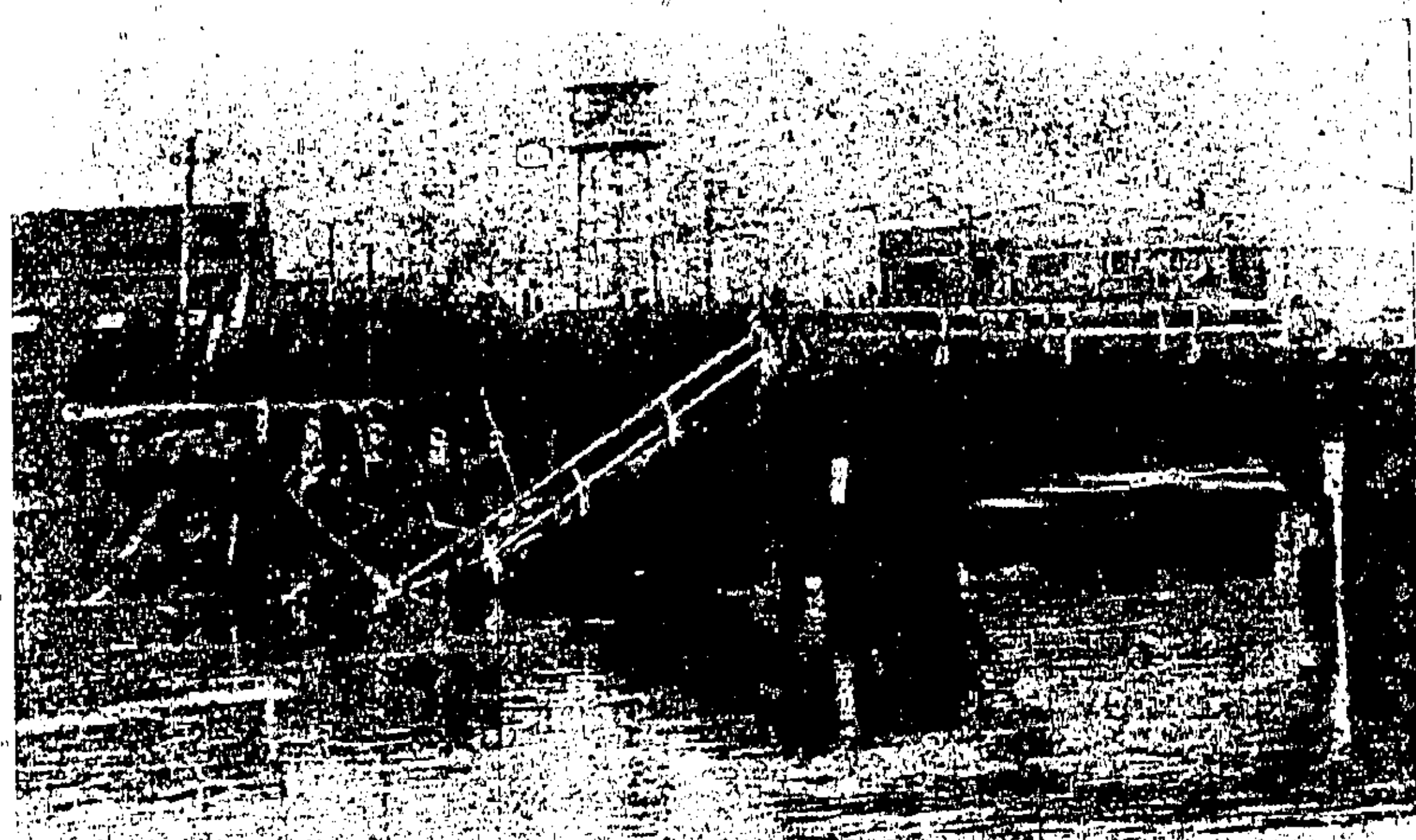
Hamburg, Sept. 18, 1937.



One of the Young competitors at yesterday's Machine Gun Troop Gymkhana. (Cheng Studio).



Dr. H. H. Kung, who arrived here on Friday from Manila, is seen in the above photograph on his way from the Kai Tak Air Port to the Peninsula Hotel.



After threatening for some time to destroy Ichang Road Bridge, which crosses Szechow Creek near the end of Gordon Road, Chinese soldiers finally blew up the northern section of the structure with a charge of dynamite, after giving warning to the Settlement authorities.



Houses demolished in Tung Wah Road, Canton, following Japanese air raids.



Helmet in hand Dr. H. H. Kung is seen talking to officials who gathered at Kai Tak to welcome him.

OFFICIAL VISIT TO MACAO

BY H.E. MR. N.L. SMITH ON FRIDAY

His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government proposes, if circumstances permit, to pay an official visit to Macao on Friday, October 22, returning the same evening.

The visit has no political significance and was suggested several months ago and approved by the Secretary of State for the Colonies. Its postponement has been due to the situation in China during recent months but, as no such visit has been paid since 1933, the Secretary of State is anxious that this courtesy should if possible not await the arrival of Sir Geoffrey Northcote.

RIVER TO BE RE-OPENED

Canton, Oct. 16.

With the closing of the Canton-Kowloon Railway, steamship companies are reviving the plea to reopen the Pearl River for transportation and communication.

It is reported that Vice-Admiral Chen Chih, Commandant of the Bocca Tigris forts, will proceed to Canton to-day and make a report on the possibility of removing the barrier in the interest of shipping.

Foreign shipping circles here believe that the boom may be removed during the passage of steamers and that in the event of danger the boom may be replaced again. The matter is under consideration of the military authorities.

1.40 p.m. Songs by Richard Crooks (Tenor).

1.50 p.m. Albert Sandler (Violin).

2.00 p.m. Light Orchestral Concert.

2.30 p.m. Close down.

4-7 p.m. Chinese Programme.

7-10.30 p.m. European Programme.

7 p.m. An Hour With Bach.

Suite No. 2 in B Minor For Flute and Strings—Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart and His Concertgebouw Orchestra; Transcriptions For Piano—Prelude And Fugue in A Minor For Organ—Percy Grainger (Piano); Ave Maria—Gösta Ljungberg (Soprano); Prelude And Fugue in E Minor—Dr. Albert Schweitzer (Organ); Gavotte in E (For Strings)—The Walter String Players; Concerto in C For Harpsichord And Orchestra—Mme. Marguerite Roesgen-Champion and Orchestre Symphonique de Paris; Prelude And Fugue No. 3 in C Sharp Major—Harriet Cohen (Piano); Prelude No. 4 in C Sharp Minor—Harriet Cohen (Piano).

8.03 p.m. Relay—The Choir of St. Joseph's Church and The Very Rev. Father Riganelli (Organ).

1. Prelude all'Antica (Baroncelli)—Organ; 2. Ave Maria (Franco)—Choir; 3. (a) Adagio (Kung); (b) Improviso (Noniati)—Organ; 4. (a) O Vergine, O Signore (Caudana)—Choir (Sop. and Alt.); (b) Vergine Madre (Dobeli)—Choir (Tenor and Basses); 5. (a) Contemplazione (Caudana); (b) Scherzo (Caudana)—Organ; 6. Et Manducantibus (Perosi)—G. D'Aquino (Tenor) and Choir.

8.33 p.m. Studio—Recital by Prue Lewis (Violin) and Lindsay A. Lafford (Piano).

1. Sonata VI in E Major (Handel)—Prue Lewis; 2. Two Fragments—Lindsay A. Lafford; 3. (a) Tambourin; (b) Minuet; (c) Rigaudon (Rameau)—Prue Lewis.

8.50 p.m. Songs by John McCormack (Tenor).

She Is Far From The Land (Moore-Lambert); Candle Light

GAS SHELLS ON SHOW

Shanghai, Oct. 16.

Considerable interest and speculation has been aroused by the declaration of a Japanese spokesman. He is to make an important announcement at 4 p.m. for which correspondents must go to the Japanese Consulate in the Japanese occupied area instead of the Metropole Hotel to the south of Szechow Creek where daily press conferences have been held hitherto.

Not the slightest hint as to the nature of the announcement has been given out, but it is believed that it may be of international importance.

Gas shells allegedly used by the Chinese in the Shanghai area, were shown to 50 representatives of the world's press this afternoon at the Japanese Consulate.

Everyone had been expecting an announcement of international importance and for this reason the exhibits proved a very great disappointment. However, the possibility of a Chinese shell from Pootung obtruding in the Consulate, which has been the target of many attacks, provided a measure of excitement.—Reuters

UNREST IN KOREA

Shanghai, Oct. 16.

According to Japanese army circles here, there is no truth in the recent report that Korean troops will be sent here to reinforce the Japanese units.

Chinese intelligence reports attribute the failure to throw Koreans into the battle ground to the serious unrest in Korea. An uprising there is considered likely, and several Japanese regiments were sent from Manchuria to Korea.

Many Korean revolutionaries in various parts of China are returning to their country to revive the struggle for national freedom. This movement is said to have given considerable anxiety to Tokyo.

One division of mixed units composing of Formosans will be sent from Keelung to the Shanghai front.—International News Agency.

PINGYUAN PHONE SERVICE DISRUPTED

Tsinan, Oct. 16

Telephonic communications between Pingyuan and Changchuan, both cities on the Tientsin-Pukow line south of Tehchow, have been disrupted. Fierce fighting is reported to be raging in that vicinity.—Central Press

RADIO PROGRAMMES

HONG KONG

Z.B.W. on Wavelengths of 335 metres (845 k.c.s.), 31.49 metres (9.52 m.c.s.) 'Hong Kong Times'

SUNDAY

RELAY OF ST. JOSEPH'S CHURCH CHOIR Studio Recital.

9.18-10 a.m. Relay of Military Parade Service from St. John's Cathedral.

10.30 p.m. Relay of the Morning Service from the Union Church.

11.30 p.m. Relay of the Morning Service from the Hop Yat Church (Chinese).

12.15 p.m. Schumann Etudes Symphoniques. Played by Alfred Cortot (Piano).

12.48 p.m. Songs by Elisabeth Schuman (Soprano).

Bist Du Bei Mir (Bach); Ave Maria (Schubert); Gretchen Am Spinnrade (Goethe-Schubert).

1 p.m. Local Time Signal and Weather Report.

1.03 p.m. Excerpts from Puccini's Operas.

'Madam Butterfly', Perche Con Tante Cure—Rosetta Pampanini and Conchita Velasquez. Un Bel Di Vedremo—Rosetta Pampanini (Soprano), Manon Lescaut—Intermezzo—Milan Symphony Orchestra; 'La Fanciulla del West' Or Son Sei Mesi, Ch'ella Mi Credi Libero—Alessandro Valente (Tenor) and Members of La Scala Orchestra, Milan; 'Tosca' Vissi D'Arte, Vissi D'Amore—Carmen Melis (Soprano), Verdi—Nello Palai (Tenor) with Orchestra of La Scala, Milan.

1.30 p.m. Reuter and Rugby Press; Local Weather Forecast and Announcements.

1.40 p.m. Songs by Richard Crooks (Tenor).

Arise O Sun (Lockton-Day); Garden Of Happiness (Lockton-Wood); A Dream Of Paradise (Lyttleton-Gray).

1.50 p.m. Albert Sandler (Violin).

Largo (Handel); Londonderry Air (Traditional); Estudiantina, Waltz (Waldteufel, Op. 191); Dolores, Waltz (Waldteufel, Op. 170).

2.03 p.m. Light Orchestral Concert.

'Caliph Of Bagdad'—Overture (Boieldieu)—Berlin State Opera Orchestra; Traumende Glocken (Krone); Blauer Pavillon (Armandola)—Columbia Meister Orchestra; A Night In Venice—Potpourri (Strauss, arr. Weninger)—Marek Weber and His Orchestra; Narcissus (Nevin); Spring Song (Mendelssohn)—New Light Symphony Orchestra.

2.30 p.m. Close down.

4-7 p.m. Chinese Programme.

7-10.30 p.m. European Programme.

7 p.m. An Hour With Bach.

Suite No. 2 in B Minor For Flute and Strings—Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart and His Concertgebouw Orchestra; Transcriptions For Piano—Prelude And Fugue in A Minor For Organ—Percy Grainger (Piano); Ave Maria—Gösta Ljungberg (Soprano); Prelude And Fugue in E Minor—Dr. Albert Schweitzer (Organ); Gavotte in E (For Strings)—The Walter String Players; Concerto in C For Harpsichord And Orchestra—Mme. Marguerite Roesgen-Champion and Orchestre Symphonique de Paris; Prelude And Fugue No. 3 in C Sharp Major—Harriet Cohen (Piano); Prelude No. 4 in C Sharp Minor—Harriet Cohen (Piano).

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8.50 p.m. Songs by John McCormack (Tenor).

She Is Far From The Land (Moore-Lambert); Candle Light

(Cadman-Lee Shippey); An Old Sacred Lullaby (Corner, arr. Liddle).

9 p.m. Reuter and Rugby Press, Local Weather Report and Announcements.

9.10 p.m. Light Orchestral. Mock Morris Dances; Handel In The Strand (Grainger); Three English Dances (Quilter); Drink To Me Only With Thine Eyes (arr. Quilter)—New Light Symphony Orchestra.

9.30 p.m. Chopin Nocturnes. Nocturne in B Flat Minor, Op. 9 No. 1; Nocturne in E Flat Major, Op. 9 No. 2; Nocturne in D Flat Major, Op. 27 No. 2—Arthur Rubinstein (Piano).

9.47 p.m. Cesar Franck Symphony in D Minor. Played by the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra conducted by Leopold Stokowski.

10.30 p.m. Close down.

DAVENTRY

Calls Wavelengths

G.S.G. 17.79m. (16.58m.)

G.S.O. 15.18m. (19.76m.)

G.S.B. 9.51m. (31.55m.)

G.S.H. 21.47m. (13.97m.)

G.S.F. 15.14m. (19.82m.)

Trans. I (G.S.O., G.S.G., G.S.B.).

3 p.m.—Big Ben; Sheffield Wednesday v. Sheffield United, a commentary by Ivan Sharpe on the second half of the Association Football League match, from the Sheffield Wednesday Football Ground, Sheffield. 3.25 p.m.—Piano Recital by Norman Greenwood 3.45 p.m.—'This is England' (Second Series). Talks by representative English people: (1) John Horrocks, of Lancashire, owner of a spinning mill, introduced by Anthony Weymouth. 4 p.m.—Weekly Newsletter, Sports Summary, and Announcements. Greenwich Time Signal at 4.15 p.m. 4.25 p.m.—Bells, and an Empire service from St. Paul's Cathedral, London.

Trans. II (G.S.H., G.S.G., G.S.B.).

6.45 p.m.—Big Ben; Concert of Russian Music; the B.B.C. Empire Orchestra. 1.45 p.m.—A Religious Service (Methodist), from King's Street Methodist Church, Stretford, Manchester. 8.35 p.m.—'This is England'—2 (see Trans. I) 8.50 p.m.—Sheffield Wednesday v. Sheffield United (see Trans. I) 9.15 p.m.—Violin Recital by Queenie Dyer. 9.30 p.m.—Weekly Newsletter, Sports Summary, and Announcements. Greenwich Time Signal at 9.45 p.m. (and daily).

Trans. III (G.S.H., G.S.F., G.S.B.).

10.15 p.m.—Big Ben; The Westminster Players. 10.45 p.m.—'Can You Beat It?'—2 11 p.m.—The Eastbourne Municipal Orchestra. 11.5 p.m.—Weekly Newsletter, Sports Summary, and Announcements. Greenwich Time Signal at 12 p.m. 12.10 p.m.—Bells, and an Empire Service, from St. Paul's Cathedral, London.

BERLIN

D.J.A. 31.38m. (95.60 k.c.)

D.J.B. 19.74m. (15.200 k.c.)

D.J.E. 16.89m. (17.760 k.c.)

D.J.N. 31.45m. (95.40 k.c.)

D.J.Q. 19.63m. (15.280 k.c.)

1.05 p.m. Call (German, English). German Folk Song. 1.10 p.m. Musical Greetings for Sunday. 2.00 p.m. News in German. 2.15 p.m. Musical Greetings for Sunday (cont'd). 2.50 p.m. Greetings to our listeners. 3 p.m. News and Review of the Week in English. 3.15 p.m. The radio builds bridges. A broadcast from home and overseas. 4 p.m. In memory of Walter Flex. On the 20th anniversary of his death. 4.15 p.m. Beethoven Sonatas. Sonata appassionata—Sonata op. 111. At the piano: Walter Gieseking. 5 p.m. My Scientific Expedition to Further India. A personal report by Dr. Hugo Adolf Bernatzki. 5.15 p.m. German and Dutch Songs. Meta Condoo Kerdyk will sing. 5.30 p.m. News and Review of the Week in German. 5.45 p.m. Music for wind instruments. 7 p.m. Concert of Light Music. 8 p.m. News in English. 8.15 p.m. Concert of Light Music (continued). 8.55 p.m. Greetings to our listeners. 9 p.m. News and Review of the Week in German. 9.15 p.m. A Sunday Evening's Programme. 9.30 p.m. Evening Songs. 10 p.m. News and Review of the Week in English and Dutch. 10.15 p.m. Now—a story by the announcer. 10.30 p.m. Nocturne. Scenes from Chopin's life, depicted with music, by Fritz Chlodwig Lange. 11.15 p.m. Robert Schumann: IVth Symphony in D minor. 11.45 p.m. My Scientific Expedition to Further India. A personal report by Dr. Hugo Adolf Bernatzki. Midnight. Sign off (German, English).

PARIS

Call letters of the Station:— Wavelength: 19.68 metres T P A 2. Wavelength: 25.24 metres T P A 3. Wavelength: 25.60 metres T P A 4. Wavelength: 25.24 m.—11.585 Kc. 7 a.m. Radio-Journal of France (French News). 7.20 a.m. Gramophone Records. 7.30 a.m. Leading Press Articles. 7.45 a.m. Gramophone Records. 9 a.m. News in French. 9.30 a.m. News in English. 9.40 a.m. News in Italian. 9.50 a.m. Gramophone Records. 10 a.m. Close Down.

Wavelength: 19.68 m.—15.243 Kc. 11 a.m. Concert Relayed from Paris-P.T.T. 12 noon. News in English. 12.15 p.m. Concert Relayed from Paris-P.T.T. 12.45 p.m. Talk on French Events. 1 p.m. Concert Relayed from Paris-P.T.T. 1.30 News in French. Colonial Market Prices. 2 p.m. Talk on the Cinema by Mr. Leon Werth. 2.10 p.m. Reviews and Periodicals by Mr. Francois de Teramond. 2.20 p.m. Gramophone Records. 2.30 p.m. Relay. 4 p.m. Close Down.

Wavelength: 25.24 m.—11.585 Kc. 5.15 p.m. News in French. Market Prices. Rates of Exchange. 5.45 p.m. News in Arabic. 6 p.m. Concert Relayed from Paris-P.T.T. 6.30 News in French. Colonial Market Prices. 7 p.m. Relay of Radio-Journal of France (French News). 7.30 p.m. News in French. Rates of Exchange. 8.10 p.m. News in English. 8.20 p.m. News in Italian. 8.30 p.m. Relay. 10.30 p.m. Colonial Market Prices. 10.45 p.m. News in Portuguese. 11 p.m. Close Down.

Wavelength: 25.60 m.—11.720 Kc. 11.15 p.m. Concert Relayed from Radio-Paris. 12.15 p.m. News in French. Market Prices. Rates of Exchange. 12.40 a.m. News in Spanish. 12.50 a.m. News in Portuguese. 1. Gramophone Records. 1.15 p.m. Close Down. 3 a.m. Gramophone Records. 4 a.m. News in French. Market Prices. Rates of Exchange. 4.30 a.m. News in English. 4.45 a.m. Gramophone Records. 5.45 a.m. News in German. 6 a.m. Close Down.

MANILA

Owned and directed by Erlanger R.Z.R.M.—418.5 k.c.—485 Metres. and Gallingier, Inc.

9 a.m. Songs and Meditation. 9.15 a.m. Christian Science Reading. 9.30 a.m. Catholic Mass Broadcast from Santa Cruz Church. 10.20 a.m. Morning Worship Broadcast from Central Students Church. 11.30 a.m. Timely Message—Philippine Union Mission 12 p.m. Sign Off. 5 p.m. Kap. 'Laway-way ng Wilka'. 5.45 p.m. Popular Records. 6 p.m. Luneta Band Concert. 7 p.m. Catholic Hour. 7.15 p.m. Studio Music. 7.30 p.m. Sunday Night Musicale—Ruth Young, Serafin Payawal, Carmen Llamas. 7.45 p.m. Esquerra. 8.30 p.m. Mummies of the Air, directed by L. Vera Avellana. 9 p.m. Philippines Compania de Seguros Presentation. 9.15 p.m. Symphony Concert. 11 p.m. Sign off.

HOLLAND-INDIA.

Call letters: P.H.I. Wavelengths: 16.88 m. and 25.57 m.; Frequencies: 17770kc. and 11730kc.

12.25—13.25 G.M.T. wavelength 16.88 m.

13.25—15.25 G.M.T. wavelength 16.88 m.

19.00—20.00 G.M.T. wavelength 31.28 m.

Wavelength 16.88 m.

12.25—13.25. Netherlands world broadcast for Asia, China, Japan, and Further India, by the Rom. Cath. Broads. Ass. (K.R.O.). 1. Music; 2. Actualities; 3. Music; 4. Political talk by Mr. Paul de Waart; 5. Missionnews; 6. Journal.

Wavelength 16.88 m.

Phohi-programme for the Netherlands Indies.

13.25. National anthem and opening-announcement.

13.30 Talk on behalf of the Y.M.C.A. by the Rev. A. D. Menter. 13.45 Special broadcast on behalf of the Rom. Cath. Broads. Ass. (K.R.O.). 1. Mission action by Ir. J. F. Planje; 2. Music; 3. Music; 4. Political talk by Mr. Paul de Waart; 5. Missionnews; 6. Journal.

Phohi-programme continued

14.45. Daily News Bulletin. 14.55 Music. 15.25. Close down and national anthem.

Wavelength 31.28 m.

19.00—20.00. Netherlands world broadcast for Africa, by the Rom. Cath. Broads. Ass. (K.R.O.). 1. Music; 2. Actualities; 3. Music; 4. Political talk by Mr. Paul de Waart; 5. Missionnews; 6. Journal.

GENERAL HSIEH FOR SHANGHAI

Shanghai, Oct. 16.

General Hsieh Yoh, former divisional commander in Kwangtung and G.O.C. Nanking forces in Kweichow, is transferred to the Shanghai front to take command of the more important sectors. His troops, some being southerners, will be assigned to hold Wan-tsaopang and Liuho.

The gallant commander, who fought bravely yesterday despite his mortal wounds is Major Liu Heng-sheng, who led his men to

GERMAN RUBBER IMPORTS

Berlin, Oct. 16.

Issue of official figures of German trade reveals that German imports of rubber from British Malaya increased by 138,000 tons in September compared with the figures for August.

German imports of timber for the paper industry increased by 112,000 tons in the same period.—Reuters

force a dent in the North Szechuen Road front.—International News Agency.

ALL QUIET IN CANTON

Canton, Oct. 16.

All was quiet in Canton to-day, the city experiencing no visits from Japanese planes.

It has been confirmed that two Japanese planes were shot down in yesterday's raid on the Kowloon-Canton Railway, in which forty bombs were dropped, which resulted in considerable damage in the vicinity of Sheklung.

Loss of life fortunately was only very small.

Repair work is proceeding on the Kowloon-Canton Railway but it is not known when the line will be restored.—Reuters

"THROUGH NATIONAL UNITY WE WILL SUCCEED"

Important Speech By Mr. Anthony Eden

PLEA FOR REALISTIC OUTLOOK

London, Oct. 15. The Spanish situation, and some references to the Far East, entirely monopolised an important speech by Mr. Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary at Llandudno to-day. Having expressed regret that Italy had not adopted the Anglo-French suggestions for a triangular conference, Mr. Eden said they had acquiesced with Italy's proposal to place the volunteer issue before the non-intervention committee, because they did not wish a breakdown to come, if it came it must, upon an issue of procedure. He hoped that real international collaboration would be shown in the next few days, otherwise a grave situation would face the powers.

Her policy of non-intervention did not mean Britain was indifferent to the territorial integrity of Spain or to the complications which might arise in the Mediterranean as a result of other nations intervening in Spain, he said. Mr. Eden rejected the British and French community and interests enjoyed a common outlook.

The United States was equally conscious of this aspect to the present situation in the world. Pleading for a realistic outlook, Mr. Eden expressed the opinion that the League, despite the disappointments of recent years, can still accomplish much, but its members must have a sense of responsibility, and to count seriously the cost of any action they may take.

THE LEAGUE

Dealing with the suggestion that Britain should throw over the League and come to terms with States who are not members, Mr. Eden said: "I am as anxious as anybody to remove the disagreements with Germany and Italy, and any other country, but we must make sure in trying to improve the situation in one direction that it does not deteriorate in another. In such an event, the last state might be even worse than the first."

"Britain has no desire to isolate any country or to pursue a policy of revenge; on the contrary she will continue every effort to prevent any country from being isolated."

"It is proving to be true, as I feared, that the loss of the League's authority, introduces a period of greater uncertainty."

"We are in a period of storm and challenge, when the hope is openly avowed that a variety of international anxieties will prevent effective resistance to unlawful courses in any one sphere. This is a dangerous doctrine, and no nation will profit by such practices in the end. If they persist, there will inevitably be a Nemesis, but meanwhile obligations are ignored, engagements cynically torn up and confidence shaken. Methods of making war without declaring war, are adopted, while all the time each nation declares that its one desire is peace."

In all of this confusion, and in the midst of the horrors being enacted in Europe and the Far East, we must persevere as strongly and as effectively as we can, and with a full grasp of realities, and concentrate on what can be done, not pretending to achieve the impossible and provoking the very consequences which we wish most to avoid.

"Through national unity we can, and will, succeed."—*Reuter.*

GERMAN CRITICISM

Berlin, Oct. 16. The German press comments unfavourably on Mr. Anthony Eden's speech. The "Lokal-Anzeiger" states it is no good if, before an important conference, one side voices its views as if it wanted to enforce its proposals by threats.—*Reuter.*

SHANTUNG PREPARES

Han Fu-Chu Expecting Big Battle

Tokyo, Oct. 16.

A War Office statement declares that General Han Fu-chu, Governor of Shantung, is making preparations to defend his territory and that a big battle is imminent in the province.

The statement admits that Chinese planes have carried out successful raids on Japanese troops in Shansi Province.—*Reuter.*

SIR ANDREW CALDECOTT

New Governor Arrives In Ceylon

Colombo, Yesterday.

Sir Andrew Caldecott, former Governor of Hong Kong, arrived in Colombo to-day to take up the Governorship of Ceylon.

Sir Andrew succeeds Sir Edward Stubbs, also a former Governor of Hong Kong.—*Reuter.*

SIR HUGHE AT BALI

Batavia, Oct. 16.

The British Ambassador to China, Sir Hughe Knatchbull-Hugessen, who is to recuperate in the Netherlands East Indies from the wound suffered when his car was attacked by Japanese planes, will, it is understood, arrive at Bali together with his family on October 21.

Sir Hughe will stay at the Palace of the Governor-General.

JAPANESE AIR RAID

Kwanchuamen Drome The Target

Shanghai, Oct. 16.

A Nanking message states that at least three heavy bombers raided the aerodrome outside Kwanchuamen this afternoon.

Flying at a great height from the west, the raiders loosed big bombs, the detonations of which were audible for miles. Columns of smoke were thrown up as the bombs exploded.

The raiders quickly disappeared towards the east.—*Reuter.*

CAREFUL TACTICS

Nanking, Oct. 16. Seventeen Japanese planes, consisting of three heavy bombers and fourteen pursuit machines, raided Nanking this afternoon. The pursuit machines flew at a great height to protect the bombers, whose projectiles landed outside the aerodrome at Kwanchuamen.

The alarm was again sounded late in the afternoon when five Japanese heavy bombers were observed cruising up and down the Nientsin-Pukow railway, apparently with the intention of bombing trains. Having failed to locate their objectives, they dropped their bombs on the empty aerodrome at Hsueh, in the province of Anhwei, northward of Chao Lake.

Four Chinese fighters, went out to look for the invaders, but failed to meet them.

The populace of Nanking were kept in their dugouts for one and a half hours.—*Reuter.*

thus renewing a friendship formed when they were together in Brussels.—*Reuter.*



Dr. H. H. Kung, Finance Minister, photographed on arrival at Kai Tak Air Port on Thursday afternoon. His Excellency flew from Manila in the specially chartered "Hong Kong Clipper." (Photo, Cheng Studio.)

CHINA WAR NEWS

SHANGHAI WAR FRONTS REMAIN UNCHANGED

Shanghai, Oct. 16. Although sporadic fighting continued over a scattered area to-day, the Chinese and Japanese positions in the Kiangwan and Chapel sectors remain unchanged.

The Japanese marines tried twice to drive a wedge into the Chinese lines along the Chapel-Settlement border but after four hours of street fighting this morning they were forced to retire. Another attempt to storm the Eight Character Bridge from the northern section of Wangpang Creek was also repulsed. Seventy Japanese are reported to have been killed in the course of a brief encounter near the June 30 Garden.

In the Kiangwan area the Japanese also took the offensive but were unable to dislodge the Chinese around Yeh's Garden and along Recreation Road. Fifty Japanese were killed and one tank overturned during the engagement.

Fighting along the Wen Tsao Creek was spread over a number of villages where attacks and counter-attacks went on during the day. A Japanese unit of 1,000 men which attempted to cross the creek at Malochi were driven back with heavy losses as Chinese machine-guns opened fire when the invaders reached the middle of the stream. Ten Japanese machine-guns were seized.—*Central News.*

1,000 JAPANESE CAPTURED IN SHANSI

Nanking, Oct. 16. Following two days of fierce fighting at Chingching, in the vicinity of Niantsekwang, strategic Great Wall Pass on the Cheng-tai Railway in Shansi, the Chinese forces succeeded in capturing 1,000 Japanese soldiers, including several officers, according to reliable information received here today. A huge quantity of military supplies were also seized. Fighting is continuing around Niantsekwang where the Japanese are rushing reinforcements to push on to Taiyuan, provincial capital of Shansi.—*Central News.*

60,000 CHINESE LEAVE JAPAN SINCE WAR STARTED

Shanghai, Oct. 16. More than 60,000 Chinese, who formerly resided in Japan, have returned to China following the opening of hostilities in Shanghai and North China, according to Mr. Huang Fu-tu, secretary to the Chinese Embassy at Tokyo who arrived here from Japan to-day. Mr. Huang is returning to Nanking to report to the Foreign Office.

Prior to the war, Mr. Huang disclosed, there were over 5,000 Chinese students studying in various universities and technical schools in Japan but now there are only 100 left there.—*Central News.*

SEVERE FIGHTING IN KUOHSIEN

Taiyuan, Oct. 16. Severe fighting is still going on in Kuohsien, about 75 miles north of this city, where Chinese troops are engaging the Japanese in close quarters.

The Chinese forces launched several attacks to recover Taihsien and Pingyuan. Japanese advance in northern Shansi is definitely halted. With more Chinese troops hurried into the array, the present counter-offensive is calculated to dislodge the Japanese and to drive them back beyond the Great Wall.

Several divisions of Nanking troops are now holding the lines in the Shansi front.—*International News Agency.*

100 KILLED IN WUCHOW DURING YESTERDAY'S BOMBING

Wuchow, Oct. 16. Over 100 Chinese civilians and boatmen were killed here yesterday during the course of the Japanese air raid, according to an official investigation completed to-day.

Seven planes took part in the attack at 10 o'clock and dropped 11 bombs, four falling in the river. Sixteen houses and shops were demolished.

One motor launch and scores of sampans were sunk, drowning all hands on board.—*Central News.*

SHEKUNG BRIDGE SLIGHTLY DAMAGED

Canton, Oct. 16. A Central News Agency representative, who accompanied the Canton-Kowloon Railway repair crew to the scene of the bombing near Sheklung yesterday, found that two of the columns supporting the Sheklung Bridge on the north side of the East River were damaged.

The huge bomb which fell on the north bank and damaged the columns blasted a crater over 250 square feet and 50 feet deep.

It is officially stated that 40 civilians were killed and 100 injured in the vicinity of Sheklung.

The representative also discovered that over 40 bombs were dropped by 18 Japanese planes between the Kunshui River Bridge and Sheung-ping station. Several sections of the tracks between Kunshui Bridge and Sheklung Bridge were blown up while 30 feet of rail in front of the godowns were also twisted.

It is also confirmed that two Japanese planes were shot down by anti-aircraft guns. One fell in Kunshui River the other near Kingshan. Both machines burst in flames, killing all the occupants.

Owing to lack of construction material at Sheklung, it is feared that considerable time will be required to repair the bridge and to resume the passenger and freight services between Canton and Kowloon.—*Central News.*

GERMAN CHURCH IN SHIKWAN BOMBED

Canton, Oct. 16. According to a telephone message received here to-day, a German mission church in Shikwan in northern Kwangtung, was partly damaged during a Japanese air raid yesterday morning.

The two German missionaries, Mr. Z. Kohes and Miss T. Minkes, escaped possible death at the time of the bombing as they had sought shelter elsewhere in the city.

A number of houses in Shikwan have been demolished.—*Central News.*

BOMBING OF C.K.R. AFFECTS BRITISH INTERESTS

Canton, Oct. 16. Foreign circles here express the opinion that the Japanese are deliberately planning to destroy the last means of communication between Canton and Hong Kong by bombing the Canton-Kowloon Railway, which will inevitably seriously affect British commercial interests in South China.

It is generally believed that the wanton destruction of the Sino-British line will undoubtedly have a very unfavourable impression on the British Government.

According to information emanating from diplomatic circles, the Hong Kong authorities have submitted a full report on the bombing of the Canton-Hankow Railway to the British Government. Pending official instructions from London no statement on the incident will be made by the Hong Kong Government.—*Central News.*

HOME FOOTBALL

London, Oct. 16. The following are the results of to-day's League Football matches:

FIRST DIVISION

Arsenal	1	Portsmouth	1
Blackpool	0	Chelsea	2
Bolton	1	Preston	4
Brentford	5	Charlton	2
Derby	1	Middlesbro	1
Everton	1	Leeds	1
H'dfield	1	Grimsby	2
Leicester	4	W. Brom.	1
M'chester C.	0	Stoke	0
S'derland	1	Birmingham	0
Wolves	2	Liverpool	0

SECOND DIVISION

Aston Villa	2	Newcastle	0
Blackburn	1	M'chester U.	1
Bradford	1	Luton	1
Chesterfield	1	Bury	2
Fulham	3	Tottenham	1
Norwich	2	Notts F.	0
Plymouth	2	Burnley	3
Wednesday	0	Sheff. U.	1
Southampton	4	Stockport	1
Swansea	3	Coventry	1
West Ham	4	Barnsley	1

THIRD DIVISION (SOUTH)

Aldershot	1	Clapton	2
Bristol C.	3	Walsall	1
Crystal P.	3	Brighton	2
Exeter	4	Mansfield	0
Gillingham	0	Bristol R.	1
Millwall	1	Southend	1
Newport	1	Cardiff	1
Notts C.	1	Bournemouth	2
Reading	1	Queen's Park	0
Swindon	1	Torquay	0
Watford	1	Northampton	3

THIRD DIVISION (NORTH)

Barrow	0	Rochdale	1
Crewe	0	Doncaster	0
Darlington	4	Bradford C.	2
Gateshead	2	Tranmere	1
Hartlepool	0	Cherwell	1
Hull	2	Carlisle	1
Lincoln	2	Accrington	0
New Brighton	2	Halifax	0
Oldham	6	York	1
Port Vale	1	Southport	1
Wrexham	2	Rotherham	0

SCOTTISH LEAGUE

FIRST DIVISION

Ayr	4	Aberdeen	1
Celtic	4	Queen's Park	3
Dundee	0	Hearts	2
Falkirk	2	Kilmarnock	2
Hibernian	5	Arbroath	0
Motherwell	4	Morton	1
Partick	1	Rangers	1
St. Johnstone	3	Queen's O.S.	1
St. Mirren	3	Hamilton	1
T. Lanark	1	Clyde	1
Partick	4	Clyde	1

SECOND DIVISION

Albion	2	Dunfermline	2
Brechin	3	East Stirling	3
Cowdenbeath	3	Leith	3
Dumbarton	2	Rathfriland	2
East Fife	2	Airdrie	0
Edinburgh	5	St. James' Park	2
King's Park	4	Alloa	2
Montrose	2	Forfar	0
St. Bernard's	3	Dundee U.	0

GLASGOW CUP FINAL

Rangers	2	T. Lanark	1
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VOLUNTEERS AT PLAY

Gymkhana A Big Success

Brilliant weather favoured the annual gymkhana of the Machine Gun Troop, Hong Kong Volunteers, which was held on the old Polo Ground, Causeway Bay yesterday.

A large and distinguished gathering was present, including His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, the Hon. Mr. N. L. Smith, H. E. The General Officer Commanding, Major-General A. W. Bartholomew, Mrs. Bartholomew, Brigadier Bissett, Col. and Mrs. N. M. S. Irwin, Col. Burrows, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Muirhead, Lt. Col. and Miss Dowbiggin, Lt. Col. R. C. B. Anderson, the Hon. Mr. T. H. and Mrs. King, Major and Mrs. Frank Hogg and Major E. J. R. Mitchell.

At the conclusion of the gymkhana, Capt. Hutton-Potts, Officer Commanding the Troop, called on Mrs. Bartholomew to present the prizes, which were won by the following:—

Event 1—Musical Chairs. R. Holden.

Event 2—Children's Riding Competition: Class 1, Nancy Kerrison (1), R. Holden (2), Class 2, Frank Langley (1), Veronica Walker (2), Class 3, Elizabeth Fleming (1), Peter Potts (2).

Event 3—Alarm Race: "B" Sub-section (1), Cpl. Pym and Troopers Gregory, Griève, Cole and Winfield).

KOWLOON DEFEAT SOUTH CHINA "A" IN SENIOR LEAGUE

Rowlands Plays Splendid Game Between Sticks

BULPIN SCORES ONLY GOAL OF MATCH

Kowloon Football Club delighted their supporters when they defeated South China "A" by a goal to nil in a First Division League football match on Saturday afternoon. The match was played on the Kowloon F.C. ground and attracted a large crowd of spectators who got full value for their money in a game that was played at a fast pace and was entertaining. With a full measure of excitement.

It may be stated that it has become almost a tradition with the Kowloon Football Club that they beat South China "A" at least once every season. Last year the mainlanders annexed four points from the Chinese in both their League encounters.

There were a few changes in yesterday's teams. Kowloon were without Bob Everest, their right full-back who is on the injured list with water in the knee, and his place was taken by Sousa, V. J. Bulpin being brought in at centre-forward with D. Knox playing inside-left.

South China lacked the services of Lee Kwok-wai, Tso Kwai-shing and Cheuk Shek-kam. Ho Kar-keung played inside-left in place of Cheuk. While displaying very clever combination the Chinese forwards failed with their finishing efforts in front of the Kowloon goal-mouth by reason of too much dilly-dallying. Their short passing was good up to a point and then it was lost to the eager tackling of the mainland defenders where Ulrich was outstanding.

FUNG HAS OFF DAY

Fung King-cheung had an off-day. He left his scheming plans at Caroline Hill, or if he did have them with him, he most certainly failed to put them to any fruitful purpose. Even his usually accurate shooting was well below form. Fung received good support from sharp-shooter Lal Chiu-wing but the Lal-Fung-Ho combine lacked thrust though individually Lal and Ho Kar-keung tested Rowlands on several occasions.

Leung Wing-chu was a steady pivot and Li Ting-sang, at left avail. Rowlands in goal was rocklike and he brought off splendid clearances time and again. In the second half, towards the end, when Kowloon's spectators had their "hearts in their mouths," Rowlands brought relief to countless exciting moments.

The first half was fairly evenly shared and it was not until midway through the second half that Bulpin placed the ball in the Chinese net with a rising shot after Knox had failed to get his foot to a fine pass from Honniball. In the closing stages, Kowloon underwent heavy attacks, the Chinese forcing several corners but to no avail.

LOCAL LEAGUE FOOTBALL RESULTS AT GLANCE

FIRST DIVISION

Kowloon	1	South China "A"	0
Bulpin	1	Seafarths	2
Eastern	1	Splars, Thompson	2
Lee Tacky	3	St. Joseph's	2
Middlesex	3	Costa, Leonard	0
Saw 3	3	Kowloon Chinese	0
South China "B"	3		
Lau Chung-sang, Lee Shek-yau, Tay Qee-lung			

SECOND DIVISION

Kwong Wah	1	Seafarths	1
Yeung Poon-hon	2	Lindsau	1
Kowloon	2	Engineers (European)	1
Betts, Wilson	1	Fox	2
Eastern	1	Police (Chinese)	2
Sum Kai-man		Lee Shing-wing, Fan Kwai-tsoi	
*Club		Engineers	
*Postponed			

THIRD DIVISION (HONG KONG)

5th Bde. R.A.	2	Ordinance	2
Barseley, Chaplin		Munton, Emberson	
*Police		Stanley	
Medicals	8	Powhattan	1
Youd 2, Pym 4, Parkin 2		Ian	
Engineers	5	Service Corps	0
Pradford 2, Taylor, Dunderidge, Crosby			
*Postponed			

THIRD DIVISION (KOWLOON)

24th Bty. R.A.	1	Kamaon Rifles	2
Rocha	0	Dewan Singh, Hyat Singh	3
20th Bty. R.A.	0	Portuguese S.A.	2
University	0	C. Santos 2, Remedios	2
Air Force	0	Royal Signals	2
		France, Parker	
		Seafarths, Bertram	

Event 4—Gretna Green Race: Miss Pamela Scott-Harston and Sgt. B. C. Field.

Event 5—Tent Pegging: Capt. A. Hutton-Potts.

Event 6—Handy Hunter Competition: Mr. L. J. Fielden (China).

ALHAMBRA

SHOWING TO-DAY
A NEW KIND OF WESTERN DRAMA!



ADDED ATTRACTION—The Heavyweight Championship Bout
JOE LOUIS vs. TOMMY FARR
A complete picture of the fight taken at the ringside.

NEXT CHANGE
A Columbia Picture
"DODGE CITY TRAIL"
Charles Starrett, Donald Grayson

ORIENTAL

TO-DAY—TO-MORROW—TUESDAY
AT VERY THRILLING STORY OF A COWARD WHO
TURNED KILLER WHEN THEY GAVE HIM A GUN!

Not in years, such a jolt to your heart as in this taut drama of two men and a girl who quit the trenches of No Man's Land for the battlefields of peace.

MIGHTY ADVENTURE WITH THOUSANDS IN THE CAST

"O.K. THEN... I'M A KILLER!"



SPENCER GLADYS
Tracy, George, Tone
THEY GAVE HIM A GUN
W.S. VAN DYKE Production
Produced by HARRY RAFF
3 Great Stars and A Cast of Thousand!

WED. THUR.
"PARK AVENUE LOGGER" GEORGE O'BRIEN
MATINEES: 20c-30c. EVENINGS: 20c-30c-50c-70c.

QUEEN'S

DAILY AT 2:30-5:15-7:20-9:30 TEL. 31453

SHOWING TO-DAY
Up in the air for the thrills that come once in a laugh-time!



NEXT CHANGE
20th C. Fox Picture
"MIDNIGHT TAXI"
Brian Donlevy, Frances Drake

Canton Completely Isolated From Hong Kong

Canton, Oct. 16.
With river and railway traffic temporarily stopped, Canton, to all intents and purposes, is isolated from Hong Kong, and is without telephonic communication or newspapers.

Actually, a small channel exists in the boom across the Pearl River, but shipping is at a standstill and the hold-up is beginning to affect small businessmen.

The opinion is expressed that the railway to Kowloon will be repaired to-morrow (Sunday).

The Berlin Protestant Mission at Shukwan, north of Canton on the Canton-Hankow Railway, was bombed by Japanese planes yesterday, according to a telegram received by the German Consulate.

There were no foreign casualties and the damage is not known. Meanwhile, Chinese sources claim that two Japanese planes were shot down during yesterday's raid on the Kowloon-Canton Railway.



Dr. H. H. Kung, poses for a photograph at Kai Tak Aerodrome.

QUARREL AMONGST THIEVES

Japanese Army And Navy Have Differences

That a quarrel amongst thieves may be expected to be going on is provided by a report from Shanghai to the effect that the two branches of Service comprising the invading Japanese horde, namely the Army and Navy, have fallen out. The news requires further confirmation, but there would seem to be some ground for suspicion in the fact that neither one side would recognize the passes issued to neutrals by the other. It has been the view of the usually well-informed that there has never been real cohesion between the two camps and the latest situation, if true, is of vital interest.

A study of the Navy's position and function in relation to the part played by the Army in Japan's internal and external affairs would tend to show that for some considerable time now there has existed a certain amount of rivalry between the two commands. Although their basic aims are the same, it must be recorded that the Navy is dissatisfied with the limited opportunities it has had lately. In all the dirty business which the brazen war-dogs of Tokyo have shamelessly undertaken on Chinese territory, the Navy can only regard itself as an accessory. To the Army is attributed the most credit for all the spoils. It is the Army that is always sung and toasted, and it is to the Army that the lion's share of the enormous finance appropriations go every year.

The Navy has undoubtedly lost little by little the hold which it once had on popular Japanese imagination, which dates back to the days of Admiral Togo. In the plundering of Chinese provinces, the Army has had the most work to do. The seizure of Manchuria was largely the Army's doing, and subsequent depredations on adjoining territory was also the accomplishment of the Army alone. The Navy, impatient for action, found none to suit its taste; only transport and patrol work which afforded slim chance for the achievement of "glory." Outshone, and outvoted, it devoted its attention to the "Southward Expansion" movement, the pursuance of which would most certainly call for extensive naval activity and leave no room for questioning its essential utility.

The stationing of an abnormally large number of marines in Shanghai provided the Navy with what it regarded as an important duty; it was in reality a step taken in defiance of the Army Staff. It is beginning to be generally understood that the present outbreak in that area was welcomed, if not deliberately provoked, by the Japanese Naval Command, who were already highly jealous of the Army's progress in the North. Hostilities developed, however, to such an extent that the Army again had to take the field.

Forced more or less to the rear, the Navy struck back with a blockade of the coast. But a blockade was not called for, since it could never seriously hamper entry of supplies into China without interfering with the rights of other nations; and this, incidentally, may be the reason why other interested governments adopted such a placid view of the matter. The only major outcome of the blockade to date has been the series of barbarous outrages against small, defenceless craft, an atrocious adventure that has brought the Japanese Navy a great deal of public notice and a still greater share of public condemnation. As if this were not enough, foul as it is, the Navy proceeded in its cruel and reckless quest for attention and "honour" by pouring the fury of bomb and shell on harmless villages and open towns, which in its despatches it would most certainly have described as "fortified."

It looks as if Japan were actually conducting two wars in China. The Army surely is responsible for one, but it appears that the Navy is making one of its own. Such a state of affairs is plainly indicative of the absence of real unity, and is surely not conducive to the success of Japanese plans. If, as alleged, a breach between the Army and Navy has made itself felt in Shanghai, the situation must be serious indeed, and developments will be keenly awaited.

WUCHOW RAIDED

Wuchow, Oct. 16.
Seven Japanese planes raided this city at 10 a.m. yesterday. Over one hundred persons in the city and on the river were killed or badly wounded.

Eleven bombs were dropped on shops and residential houses, sixteen of which were demolished.

Four bombs fell on the river and blew a steam launch to pieces. One cargo junk and several smaller craft were also sunk.

International News Agency.

JAPANESE LAUNCH COUNTER- OFFENSIVE ON CHAPEI

Shanghai, Oct. 16: Since midnight last night the Japanese tanks have been pounding the Chinese lines along the various streets adjoining North Szechuan Road leading into Chapel, but up till the present moment they have been unable to drive back the Chinese.

Fierce street fighting is raging along the Settlement boundary.

Central News.

DR. KUNG IN CANTON

Canton, Oct. 16.
Dr. H. H. Kung, Finance Minister and Vice-President of the Executive Yuan, who arrived in Hong Kong on October 15, is expected here shortly on his way to the North.

As his stay in Canton will be brief, invitations to receptions and banquets will not be accepted.

It is not announced by which route Dr. Kung will come to Canton.

International News Agency.

AIR RAID ON KWEILIN

Canton, Oct. 16.
Three flights of heavy Japanese bombers escorted by several fighters bombed Kweilin and Wuchow at noon to-day and inflicted heavy losses in lives and property in these two cities.

The Japanese planes took off from an aircraft carrier off the coast of Pakhoi and winged to Kwangsi via the Gulf of Tongkin.

This is the first time that cities in Kwangsi were bombed. The

MANIPULATION

Tokyo, Oct. 16.

The Soviet policy towards China stands at the cross roads in consequence of a divergence of views between M. Bogomolev, Soviet Ambassador at Nanking and Major-General Levin, the Soviet Military Attache, according to the Shanghai correspondent of the "Nichi Nichi," which reports that M. Bogomolev advocates the return of Outer Mongolia to China, and the reorganisation of the Outer Mongolian troops as a part of the Chinese army with a view to making them join in the hostilities against Japan.

On the other hand Major-General Levin deprecates the re-stitution of Outer Mongolia to China on the ground that a frontal clash between Japan and the Soviet Union will ensue if the Outer Mongolians join the Chinese troops at the front.

The correspondent says that Major-General Levin holds the Soviet Union must avoid direct entanglement in the Sino-Japanese conflict, but instead "must manipulate to ensure international interference."

M. Bogomolev and Major-General Levin who have both returned to Moscow by air submitted their views to the home Government.

The correspondent attaches importance to the new Soviet policy towards China, which "is likely to take definite form with the return of M. Bogomolev to Nanking from Moscow."

Reuter.

40 REFUGEES, WOUNDED SOLDIERS BOMBED

Shanghai, Oct. 16: A fleet of Japanese planes at 8:30 o'clock this morning attempted to bomb a special train fully loaded with refugees and wounded soldiers at Kashing station, situated 60 miles from Shanghai on the Shanghai-Hangchow-Ninpo line.

Seven bombs were dropped but all fell wide of their mark.

As soon as the planes zoomed overhead the occupants fled into the fields for safety while the wounded soldiers, who were unable to move, remained to face their fate in the coaches.

On seeing the train intact, the Japanese airmen returned and peppered the refugees and coaches with machine-guns before flying away.

Central News.

JAPANESE ADVANCE ON CHINESE LINES UNDER SMOKE SCREEN

Shanghai, Oct. 16: Under cover of a smoke screen and assisted by heavy artillery, Japanese infantry units from Liuhang launched a terrific attack on the Chinese lines between Kwangfu Village and Luch'a yesterday.

The main body of attackers, it is reported, succeeded in penetrating into the Chinese lines.

Fierce fighting is still continuing in this area.

Central News.

GEN. CHEN TO GO WORTH

Macao, Oct. 16.
General Chen Chi-tang, member of the National Defence Council, passed through here yesterday on his way to Hong Kong where he is to meet Mr. H. H. Kung, Minister of Finance.

Formerly military head of Kwangtung, General Chen will shortly proceed to Nanking.

While in Canton, General Chen was asked to donate \$10,000,000 for erecting shelters from air raids.

International News Agency.

exact casualties are not available. Kweilin is the new provincial capital and Wuchow is the leading port of Kwangsi.

International News Agency.

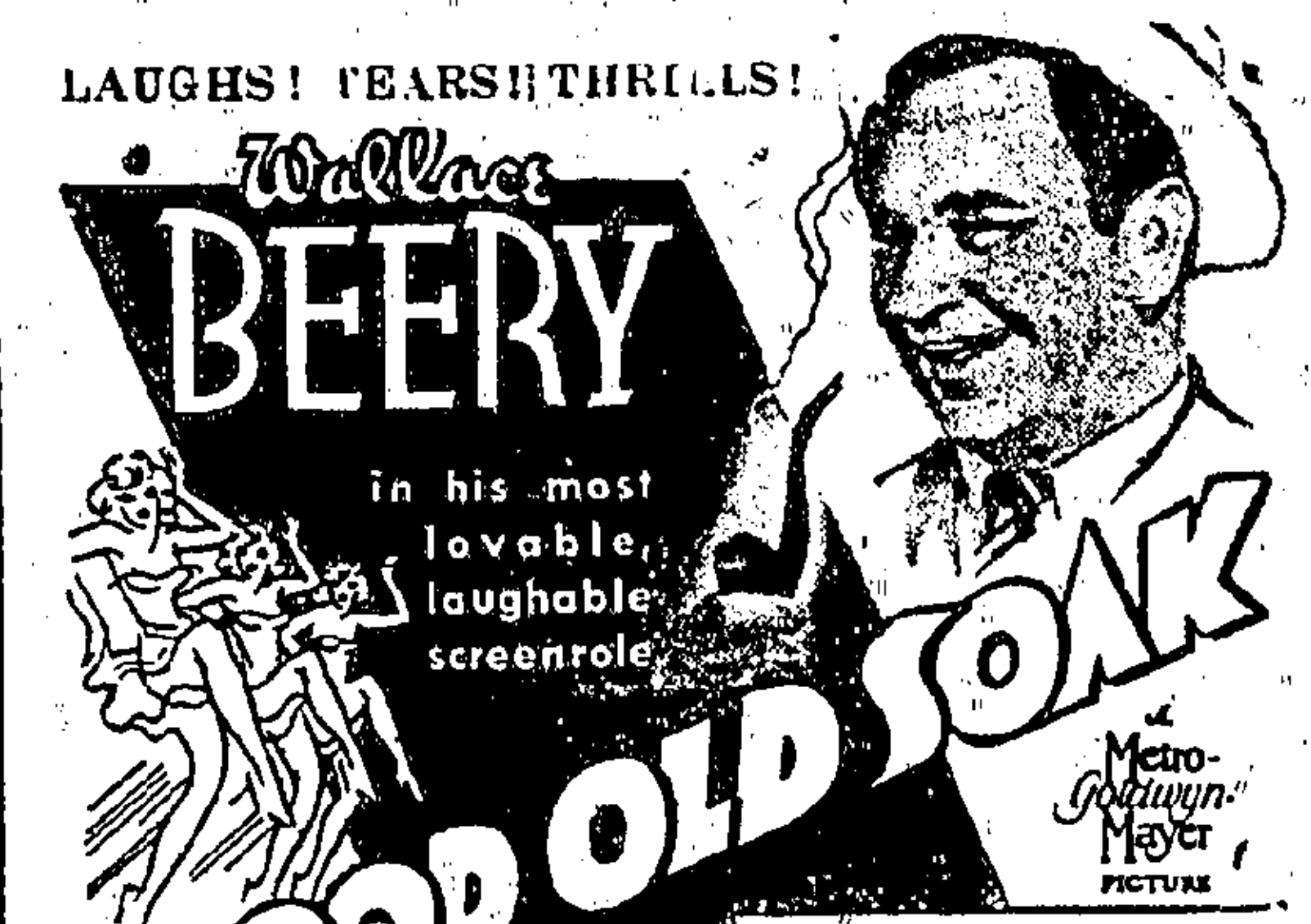
SHOWING TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.



TUESDAY
COLUMBIA
"GIRLS CAN PLAY"
with JACQUELINE WELLS-CHARLES QUOTLEY

MAJESTIC

SHOWING TO-DAY
LAUGHS! TEARS! THRILLS!

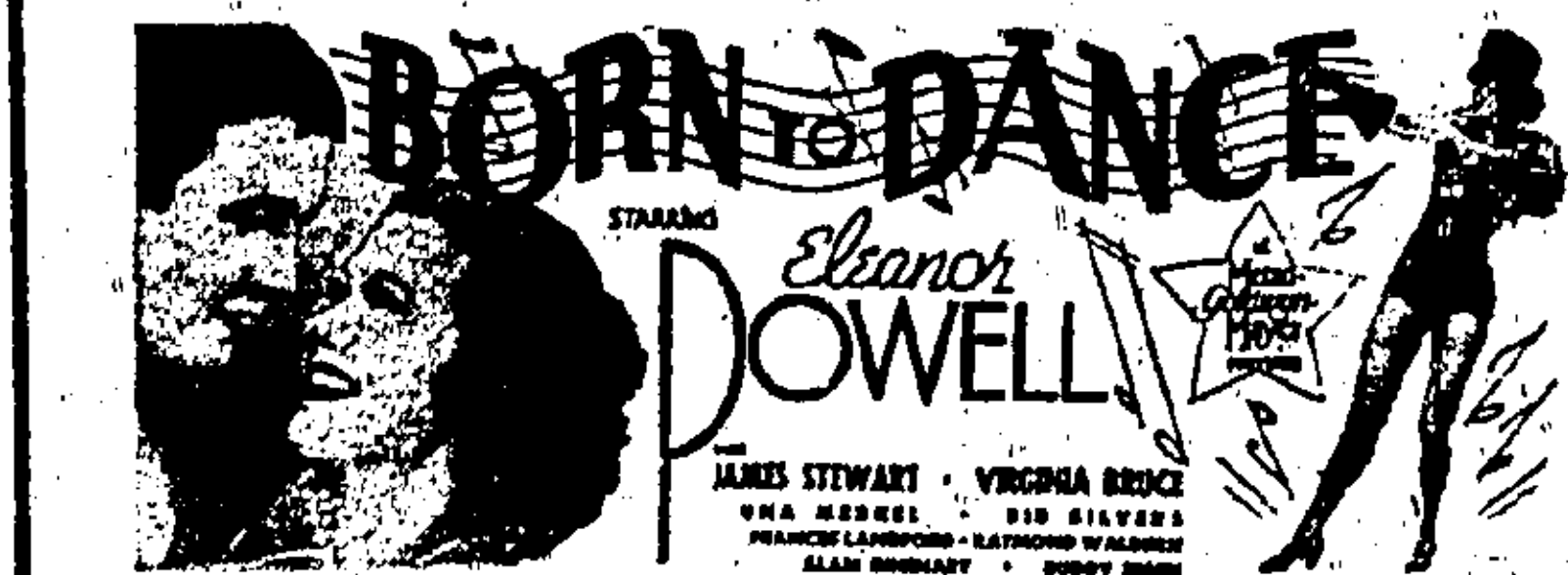


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NEXT CHANGE
A ROLLING PIRATE COMEDY REPLETE WITH THRILLS AND LAUGHTER!
"THE CAPTAIN'S KID"
MAY ROBSON • SYBIL JASON • GUY KIBREE
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TO-MORROW: "CHINA SEAS"

CHINESE CONTROL STREETS LEADING TO NORTH SZECHUAN ROAD

Shanghai, Oct. 16: A military communique issued this morning by the Chinese headquarters claims that all the main thoroughfares and streets leading from Chapel to North Szechuan Road, in the International Settlement, are in the hands of the Chinese troops.

These interactions were formerly heavily sand-bagged and guarded by Japanese marine.

It is stated that the occupation of these strategic posts prohibits the Japanese marines from moving freely from the southern section of North Szechuan Road to the north where the Japanese Naval Landing Party Headquarters are located.

Central News.

CHINESE CAPTURE STRATEGIC PASS IN SHANGHAI

Taiyuan, Oct. 16: The report of the capture of Pingyingkwan, a strategic pass in the inner loop of the Great Wall in eastern Shanai, by Chinese forces on Oct. 13, is confirmed in a military despatch received here.

The Chinese troops have blown up the highway between Tuan-cheng and Honanhen, thus preventing the Japanese from using motor trucks to transport troops and supplies in that region.

A detachment of 800 Japanese troops at Nannhuathua have been dispersed. Scores were taken prisoners by the Chinese.

The Chinese forces are still holding to their original positions in the vicinity of Lingshan where the Japanese have been attacking without any success.

Central News.